

Water Quality Report for Irrigation EFMA Primary Network

	(Bulletin	nº 39262/2024)	Water Quality for Irrigation
Responsible Laboratory: ALS Life Sciences Portugal, S.A.	touletin	<u></u>	(annex XVI, DL n.º 236/98)
Parameters	Units	Results	Conformity
Alkalinity	mg/L CaCO3	146	
Ammonium	mg/L NH4	0,029	
Nitrogen Kjeldahl	mg/L N	0,87	
Total Nitrogen	mg/L N	0,81	
Bicarbonates	mg/L CO3H-	178	(a)
Boron	mg/L B	0,0283	
Calcium	mg/L Ca	43	
Chloride	mg/L Cl	76	
Total Hardness	mg/L CaCO3	192	
Total Iron (b)	mg/L Fe	0,0219	
Phosphates	mg/L P2O5	0,03	
Total Phosphorus	mg/L P	0,013	
Magnesium	mg/L Mg	20,6	
Manganese	mg/L Mn	0,0042	
Nitrates	mg/L NO3	<l.q. 2<="" td=""><td></td></l.q.>	
Nitrites	mg/L NO2	0,02	
Potassium	mg/L K	6,7	
Ratio of Sodium Absorption (SAR)		1,383	
Ratio of Sodium Absorption adjusted (SARaj)		1,472	
Sodium	mg/L Na	44	
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	mg/L	360	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	<l.q. 3<="" td=""><td></td></l.q.>	
Sulphates	mg/L CO4	48,5	
Total Coliforms	UFC/100 mL	3	
Fecal Coliforms	UFC/100 mL	3	



Note: With the exception of the SARaj parameter, test to determine the remaining parameters are included in the range of laboratory accreditation.

Field Results (Determined with a multiparameter probe)				Water Quality for Irrigation (annex XVI, DL n.º 236/98)
	Parameters	Units	Results	Conformity
Temperature		°C	13,5	
рН		Escala Sorensen	8,40	
Conductivity		μS/cm	627	

Lower than the VMR (Maximum Value Recommended).

- Higher than VMR and below the VMA (Maximum Permitted Value).
- Higher than VMR. For this parameter is not defined one VMA.
- Higher than the VMA.

(a) The maximum value recommended in the Integrated Production Standards, for most crops, is 90 mg / L.
(b) The VMA in Annex XVI of the Decree-Law nº 236/98 refers to the dissolved iron (5 mg/L Fe).

Department of Environment and Spatial Planning

Comments:

Chlorides exceed the VMR for irrigation (70 mg / L) and may originate from natural land drainage or agricultural runoff. At high concentrations they may be toxic to plants and cause deflocculation of soil clays, degrading their structure.

The bicarbonate values exceed the maximum value recommended in the Integrated Production Standards. High concentrations of bicarbonates can affect crop yields, making it difficult to absorb some mineral nutrients.

The results of the remaining elements are within the range of expected values for this typology of water bodies.

In the document "Water Quality - Complementary Information", EDIA recommends some general measures to reduce the concentration of salts in the water bodies.





